Precalculus with Trigonometry Lesson: April 8, 2020

Learning Target:

Students will find missing sides of a triangle using Law of Cosines

Let's Get Started:

Watch Video: Law of Cosines

Law of Cosines Formulas

$$c^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab \cdot cosC$$

$$b^{2} = a^{2} + c^{2} - 2ac \cdot cosB$$

$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cdot cosA$$

Example Problem

Find the length of a.

a 21 40° A

$$b = 21, c = 32, \, \text{m} \angle A = 40^{\circ}$$

$$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc \cos A$$

$$a^{2} = (21)^{2} + (32)^{2} - 2(21)(32) \cos 40^{\circ}$$

$$a^{2} = 441 + 1024 - 1344 \cos 40^{\circ}$$

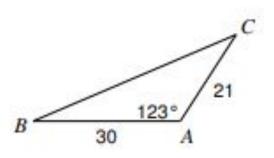
$$\sqrt{a^{2}} = \sqrt{441 + 1024 - 1344 \cos 40^{\circ}}$$

$$a \approx 20.87$$

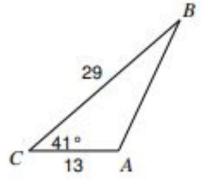
Round to the nearest hundredth.

Practice problems

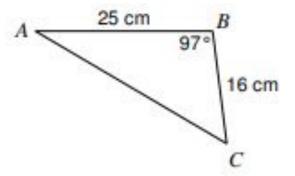
1. Find side a



2. Find side c



3. Find side b



Answer key

1.
$$a = 45$$

$$2. c = 21$$

3.
$$b = 31.3cm$$

Additional Practice and Resources

Click on the links below to get additional practice and to see the proof of the Law of Cosines

Try problems #1-4 on the following: <u>Law of Cosines</u>

How is the Law of Cosines derived? Watch the video below.

Proof of Law of Cosines